

Al-Ga-Y (Aluminum-Gallium-Yttrium)

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The phase equilibria of this system were first investigated by [1969Dzy], who presented a partial isothermal section at 400 °C. Recently, [2003Spe] reinvestigated the system at the same temperature and found substantial differences in the equilibria.

cubic), YAl (B_f , CrB-type orthorhombic), Y_3Al_2 (Al_2Zr_3 -type tetragonal), and Y_2Al ($C23$, Co_2Si -type orthorhombic). The Ga-Y phase diagram [Massalski2, 2003Spe] has the following intermediate phases: YGa_6 ($PuGa_6$ -type, tetragonal), YGa_2 ($C32$, AlB_2 -type hexagonal), Y_3Ga_2 (Ga_5Tm_3 -type orthorhombic), Y_3Ga_2 , YGa (B_f , CrB-type orthorhombic), and Y_5Ga_3 ($D8_8$, Mn_5Si_3 -type hexagonal).

Binary Systems

The Al-Ga phase diagram [Massalski2] is a simple eutectic system with the eutectic temperature and composition at 26.6 °C and 97.9 at.% Ga. The Al-Y phase diagram [Massalski2, 2006Liu] depicts the following intermediate phases: αYAl_3 (DO_{19} , Ni_3Sn -type hexagonal), βYAl_3 ($BaPb_3$ -type rhombohedral), YAl_2 ($C15$, $MgCu_2$ -type

Ternary Compounds

[2003Spe] identified four ternary compounds at 400 °C in the 0-33.3 at.% Y range, in addition to the two metastable ternary compounds found in the as-cast condition. Their findings are substantially different from those in the earlier

Table 1 Al-Ga-Y crystal structure and lattice parameter data [2003Spe]

Phase	Composition, at.%	Pearson symbol	Space group	Prototype	Lattice parameter, nm
$YAl_{2.75-2.6}Ga_{1.25-1.4}$ (τ_1)	55-52 Al 25-28 Ga 20 Y	<i>oP80</i>	<i>P222</i>	...	$a = 1.6888-1.6876$ $b = 0.8358-0.8342$ $c = 0.9769-0.9789$
$YAl_{1.9-1.6}Ga_{2.1-2.4}$ (τ_2)	38-32 Al 42-48 Ga 20 Y	<i>oP60</i>	<i>P222</i>	...	$a = 0.8374-0.8362$ $b = 1.2561-1.2543$ $c = 0.9766-0.9750$
$YAl_{0.40}Ga_{2.60}$ (τ_3)	10 Al 65 Ga 25 Y	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6_3/mmc</i>	Ni_3Sn	$a = 0.6273$ $c = 0.4520$
$YAl_{0.9-0.7}Ga_{1.1-1.3}$ (τ_4)	30-23.3 Al 36.7-43.3 Ga 33.3 Y	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>	AlB_2	$a = 0.4440-0.4388$ $c = 0.3624-0.3692$

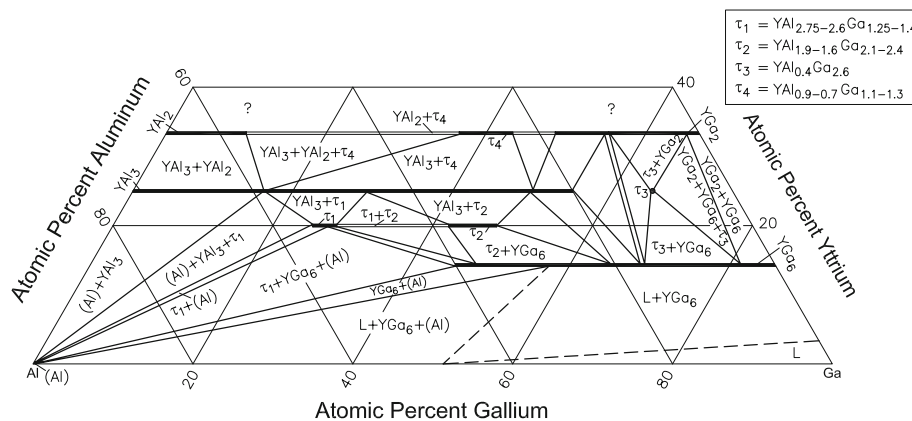


Fig. 1 Al-Ga-Y partial isothermal section at 400 °C [2003Spe]

work of [1969Dzy]. The stable compounds are: $YAl_{2.75-2.60}Ga_{1.25-1.40}$ (τ_1), $YAl_{1.90-1.60}Ga_{2.10-2.40}$ (τ_2), $YAl_{0.40}Ga_{2.60}$ (τ_3), and $YAl_{0.90-0.70}Ga_{1.10-1.30}$ (τ_4). The structural characteristics of these compounds are listed in Table 1. The notations τ_1 , τ_2 , etc. given above in brackets correspond to the numbers 1, 2, etc. used by [2003Spe]. The structure of τ_1 and τ_2 phases is related to the orthorhombically-distorted $AlBa_4$ -type of structure.

Isothermal Section

With starting metals of 99.99% Al, 99.999% Ga, and 99.8% Y, [2003Spe] arc-melted under Ar atm 79 binary and ternary alloy samples with Y concentration up to 33.3 at.%. The alloys were annealed at 400 °C for 1200 h and quenched in water. The phase equilibria were studied with x-ray powder diffraction.

The isothermal section at 400 °C constructed by [2003Spe] in the concentration range of 0-33.3 at.% Y is shown in Fig. 1. The four ternary compounds τ_1 to τ_4 are

present. The binary compounds YGa_6 , YGa_2 , YAl_3 , and YAl_2 are stable in this composition range. Instead of αYAl_3 , βYAl_3 was found by [2003Spe]. YGa_6 and YGa_2 dissolve up to 40 and 18 at.% Al, respectively, at constant Y content. YAl_3 and YAl_2 dissolve up to 55 and 10 at.% Ga, respectively, at constant Y.

References

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